

# Viking Use & Care Manual



Viking Range Corporation

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Greenwood, Mississippi 38930 USA

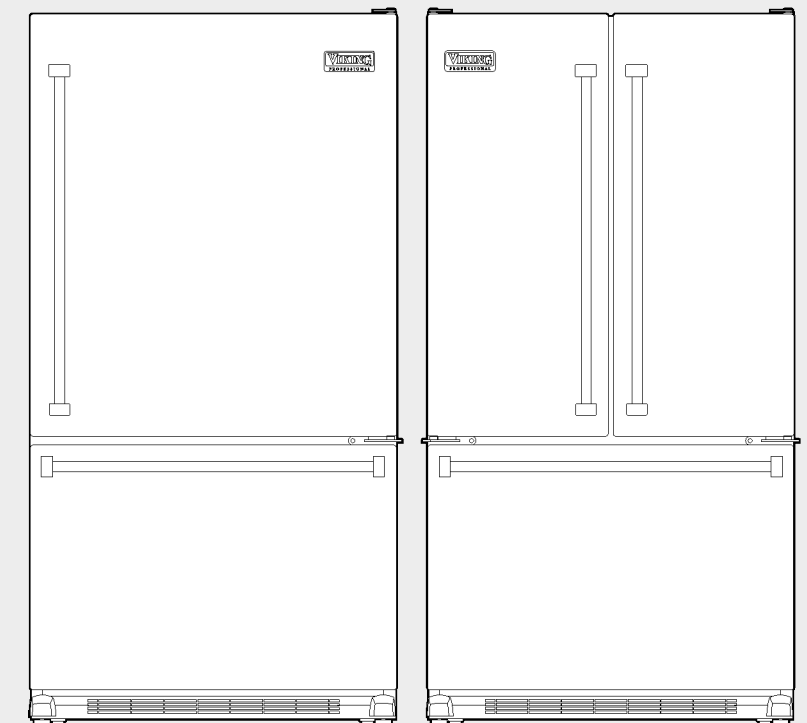
(662) 455-1200

For product information,

call 1-888-VIKING1 (845-4641)

or visit the Viking Web site at

[vikingrange.com](http://vikingrange.com)



Freestanding Bottom-Mount/French Door  
Bottom-Mount Refrigerator/Freezer

# Congratulations

Your purchase of this product attests to the importance you place upon the quality and performance of the major appliances you use. With minimal care, as outlined in this guide, this product is designed to provide you with years of dependable service. Please take the few minutes necessary to learn the proper and efficient use and care of this quality product.

We appreciate your choosing a Viking Range Corporation product, and hope that you will again select our products for your other major appliance needs.

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# Important Safety Instructions

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, or injury when using your refrigerator, follow these basic precautions:

- Plug into a grounded 3 prong outlet.
- Do not remove ground prong.
- Do not use an adapter.
- Do not use an extension cord.
- Disconnect power before servicing.
- Replace all parts and panels before operating.
- Remove doors from your old refrigerator.

- Use nonflammable cleaner.
- Keep flammable materials and vapors, such as gasoline, away from refrigerator.
- Use two or more people to move and install refrigerator.
- Disconnect power before installing ice maker (on ice maker kit ready models only).
- Use a sturdy glass when dispensing ice (on some models).

**SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS**

**Your safety and the safety of others is very important.**

We have provided many important safety messages in this manual and on your appliance. Always read and obey all safety messages.



This is the safety alert symbol.

This symbol alerts you to potential hazards that can kill or hurt you and others.

All safety messages will follow the safety alert symbol and either the word “DANGER” or “WARNING”.

These words mean:

**⚠ DANGER**


You can be killed or seriously injured if you don’t immediately follow instructions.


**⚠ WARNING**

You can be killed or seriously injured if you don’t follow instructions.

All safety messages will tell you what the potential hazard is, tell you how to reduce the chance of injury, and tell you what can happen if the instructions are not followed.

# Proper Disposal of Old Refrigerator


**WARNING**




**Explosion Hazard**

Keep flammable materials and vapors, such as gasoline, away from refrigerator.

Failure to do so can result in death, explosion, or fire.

**WARNING**



**Electrical Shock Hazard**


Plug into a grounded 3 prong outlet.

Do not remove ground prong.

Do not use adapter.

Do not use an extension cord.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, fire, or electrical shock.

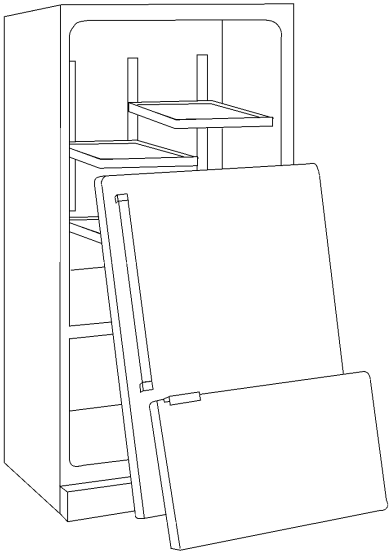
**WARNING**

**Suffocation Hazard**

Remove doors from your old refrigerator.

Failure to do so can result in death or brain damage.

**IMPORTANT:** Child entrapment and suffocation are not problems of the past. Junked or abandoned refrigerators are still dangerous... even if they will sit for “just a few days.” If you are getting rid of your old refrigerator, please follow the instructions to help prevent accidents.



# Temperature Controls

**Initial Temperature Setting**  
Temperatures are preset at the factory at 38° F (3° C) in the refrigerator compartment and 0° F (-18° C) in the freezer compartment.

- Adjusting the Control**  
24 hours after adding food, you may decide that one or both compartments should be colder or warmer. If so, adjust the control as indicated in the Temperature Control Guide below.
- The first touch of the **UP** or **DOWN** pads shows the current temperature setting.
  - The display will show the new setting for approximately three seconds, and then return to the actual temperature currently within that compartment.
  - Do not change either control more than one degree at a time. Allow temperature to stabilize for 24 hours before making a new temperature adjustment.

| Temperature Control Guide |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Refrigerator too cold     | Set the refrigerator control to next higher number by pressing the <b>UP</b> pad.   |
| Refrigerator too warm     | Set the refrigerator control to next lower number by pressing the <b>DOWN</b> pad.  |
| Freezer too cold          | Set the freezer control to next higher number by pressing the <b>UP</b> pad.  |
| Freezer too warm          | Set the freezer control to next lower number by pressing the <b>DOWN</b> pad.   |
| Turn refrigerator OFF     | Press the freezer <b>UP</b> pad until OFF appears in the display. Press either the freezer or refrigerator <b>DOWN</b> pad to turn back on. |

Temperature Controls

ELECTRONIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL - French Door Bottom-Mount



ELECTRONIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL - Bottom-Mount



# Temperature Controls

## Max Ice

When activated, Max Ice reduces the freezer temperature to the optimum setting for 24 hours in order to produce more ice. Note: When the Max Ice feature is in operation, the **UP** and **DOWN** pads for the freezer control will not operate.

## Water Filter Indicator

When a water filter has been installed in the refrigerator, the yellow Order light will illuminate when 90 percent of the volume of water for which the filter is rated has passed through the filter.

The red Replace light will illuminate when the rated volume of water has passed through the filter. A new filter should be installed immediately when the Replace light is illuminated. After replacing the filter, press and hold the WaterFilter Indicator button for three seconds. The Order and Replace lights will go off.

## Vacation Mode (some models)

The Vacation Mode feature causes the freezer to defrost less frequently, conserving energy. The Vacation Mode indicator light will illuminate when the feature is activated. To deactivate, press the Vacation Mode pad again OR open either door. The indicator light will go out. **NOTE:** Door openings will not deactivate the Vacation Mode for approximately one hour after activation. If vacationing for more than a few days, see the Preparing for Vacation section, page 27.

## High Temp Alarm

The High Temp Alarm system will alert you if the freezer or refrigerator temperatures exceed normal operating temperatures due to a power outage or other event. When activated, the High Temp Alarm light will illuminate. If the freezer or refrigerator temperatures have exceeded these limits, the display will alternately show the current compartment temperatures and the highest compartment temperatures reached when the power was out. An audible alarm will sound repeatedly. Press the High Temp Alarm pad once to stop the audible alarm. The High Temp Alarm light will continue to flash and the temperatures will alternate until the temperatures have stabilized. To turn off High Temp Alarm, press and hold the High Temp Alarm pad for three seconds. The indicator light will go off.

## Moisture Control (on some models)

The moisture control feature turns on a heater to help reduce moisture on the door hinge seal. Use in humid environments or when you notice moisture on the door hinge seal. The refrigerator uses more energy when moisture control is ON. Press Moisture Control to turn the door heater ON. Press Moisture Control again to turn the heater OFF. The LED will be illuminated when Moisture Control is ON.

## Door Open Alarm

The Door Open Alarm will alert you when one of the doors has been left open for five continuous minutes. When this happens, an audible alarm will sound every few seconds until the door is closed OR press the Door Open Alarm pad to deactivate the feature.

# Temperature Controls

## Max Cold

When activated, Max Cold causes the refrigerator and freezer temperatures to drop to the minimum settings on the control. This cools down the refrigerator and freezer after extended door openings or when loading the refrigerator or freezer with warm food. **NOTE:** When the Max Cold feature is in operation, the **UP** and **DOWN** pads for the refrigerator and freezer controls will not operate.

To activate, press the Max Cold pad. Max Cold will deactivate automatically after 12 hours, OR press the Max Cold pad to deactivate the feature.

## User Preferences

Access the User Preferences menu to:

- Change the temperature display from °F to °C
- Enable or disable audible alarms
- Activate the Sabbath Mode

To access the User Preferences menu, press and hold the Door Open Alarm pad for three seconds. When in the User Preferences mode, a short title for the feature will appear in the Freezer temperature display and the feature status will appear in the Refrigerator display.

1. Use the freezer **UP** and **DOWN** control to scroll through the features.
2. When the desired feature is displayed, use the refrigerator **UP** and **DOWN** control to change the status.
3. When changes are complete, press the Door Open Alarm pad for three seconds OR close the refrigerator door.

## Temperature Display (F\_C)

Change the display to show temperatures in degrees Fahrenheit or degrees Celsius.

## Alarm (AL)

When the Alarm mode is OFF, all audible alarms will be disabled until the feature is turned on.

## Sabbath Mode (SAB)

When the Sabbath Mode is ON, all control lights will be disabled until the feature is turned OFF. This feature does not disable the interior lights. Press any pad to restore the control lights.

## Warm Cabinet Surfaces

At times, the front of the refrigerator cabinet may be warm to the touch. This is a normal occurrence that helps prevent moisture from condensing on the cabinet. This condition will be more noticeable when the refrigerator is first started, during hot weather and after excessive or lengthy door openings.

# Refrigerator Features

**Important information to know about glass shelves and covers:**

Do not clean glass shelves or covers with warm water when they are cold. Shelves and covers may break if exposed to sudden temperature changes or impact, such as bumping. For your protection, tempered glass is designed to shatter into many small, pebble-size pieces. This is normal. Glass shelves and covers are heavy. Use special care when removing them to avoid impact from dropping.

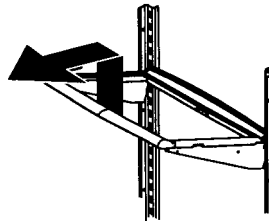
## Shelves

**To Remove a Shelf:**

- Slightly tilt up the front and lift up the rear of the shelf, then pull the shelf straight out.

**To Lock the Shelf Into Another Position:**

- Tilt up the front edge of the shelf.
- Insert the hooks into the desired frame openings and let the shelf settle into place.
- Be sure the shelf is securely locked at the rear.



The Produce Drawer Top serves as the lower fresh food shelf.

**To Remove the Produce Drawer Top:**

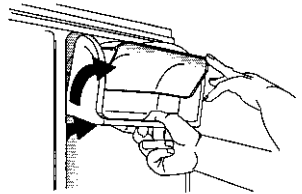
- Remove produce drawers as indicated on page 11.
- Place hand under the frame to push up the glass. Lift glass out.
- Lift frame from refrigerator liner rails.
- To install, repeat above instructions in reverse order.

# Refrigerator Features

## Door Storage

### Dairy Compartment

The Dairy Compartment provides convenient door storage for spreadable items such as butter and margarine. This compartment can be moved to different locations to accommodate storage needs. To use the dairy compartment, raise the cover.



**To Remove:**

- Raise the cover, pull upward and tilt out.

**To Install:**

- Reverse above procedure.

### Door Bins

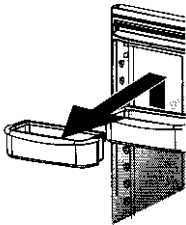
Door Bins can be moved to meet storage needs.

**To Remove:**

- Slide bin up and pull straight out.

**To Install:**

- Slide bin in and down until firmly seated in the door liner.



### Moisture Adjustable Produce Drawers

The Produce Drawers provide a higher humidity environment for fresh fruit and vegetable storage.

## Controls

The Produce controls regulate the amount of moisture in the drawer. Slide the control towards the LOW setting when storing produce with outer skins. Slide the control towards the HIGH setting when storing leafy produce.

**To Remove:**

- Pull drawer out to full extension. Tilt up front of drawer and pull straight out.

**To Install:**

- Insert drawer into frame rails and push back into place.

**NOTE:** For best results, keep the Produce Drawers tightly closed.

# Refrigerator Features

## MeatSavor™/Produce Drawer

The MeatSavor™ drawer is a full-width drawer with adjustable temperature control. This drawer can be used for large party trays, deli items, beverages or miscellaneous items. There is a divider to organize the drawer into sections if desired.

### MeatSavor Control

The control, located on the right of the drawer, regulates the air temperature inside the drawer. Set control to “cold” to provide normal refrigerator temperature. Use the “coldest” setting for meats or other deli items.

### NOTE:

- Cold air directed to the MeatSavor™ can decrease refrigerator temperature. Refrigerator control may need to be adjusted.
- Do not place leafy vegetables in the MeatSavor™ drawer. Colder temperatures could damage leafy produce.

### To Remove:

- Lift lid. Pull drawer out to full extension. Tilt the drawer front up and pull straight out.

### To Install:

- Push metal glide rails to the back of the refrigerator. Place drawer onto rails and slide drawer back until it falls into place.

### To Remove Divider:

- Pull drawer completely out and raise the front of the divider to unhook it from rear wall of the drawer and lift it out.

### To Install Divider:

- Hook back of divider over rear wall of drawer and lower into place.

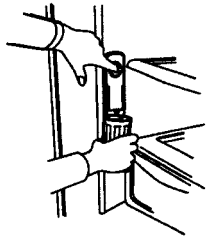
# Refrigerator Features

## Water Dispenser

The Water Dispenser is located on the left side wall of the refrigerator section. This is designed for cold water dispensing only.

### To Dispense Water:

- Hold container under spout and press dispenser pad.



## Accessories

### Egg Bin

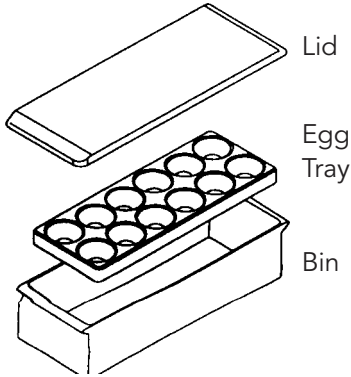
The egg bin has three pieces - the lid, the egg tray, and the bin. Use the egg bin to hold one, or two dozen eggs.

To hold one dozen eggs:

Place a dozen eggs into the egg carrier. Then place the egg carrier into the bin and cover with the lid.

To hold two dozen eggs:

Place two dozen eggs loose in the bin and cover them with the lid. Use the carrier to transport eggs between the bin and your cooking area.



When the egg tray is removed, the bin will accept items such as a standard egg carton, ice, etc.

### Glass Butter Tray

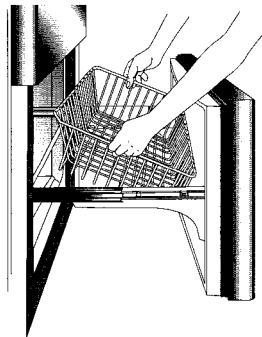
The glass butter tray holds two sticks of butter for storage in the dairy compartment.

# Freezer Features

## Lower Freezer Basket

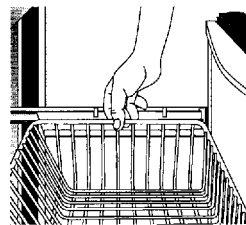
### To Remove:

- Pull drawer open to full extension.
- Tilt the lower basket forward and lift to remove.



### To Install:

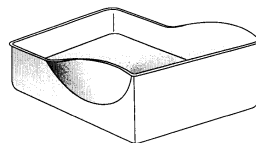
- Tilt the lower basket front down and set it down into the basket cradles.



## Accessories

### Ice Bin

The Ice Bin provides storage for ice.



### To Remove the Ice Bin:

- Pull it forward, away from the ice maker. To avoid the ice maker dumping ice while the bin is removed, turn the ice maker off by raising the icemaker arm.

### To Install the Ice Bin:

- Reverse the above procedure. Turn the ice maker on by lowering the ice maker arm.

### Lower Basket Divider

The Lower Basket Divider allows the option to organize the basket area into sections.

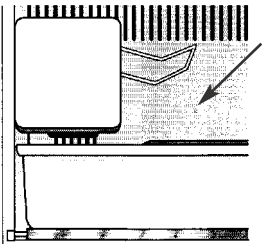
# Freezer Features

## Automatic Ice Maker

Connect the ice maker to the water supply as instructed. Proper water flow and a level refrigerator are essential for optimal ice maker performance.

### Operating Instructions

- Confirm ice bin is in place and ice maker arm is down.
- After freezer section reaches between 0° to 2° F (-18° to -17° C), ice maker fills with water and begins operating. You will have a complete harvest of ice approximately every three hours.
- Allow approximately 24 hours after installation to receive first harvest of ice.
- Discard ice created within first 12 hours of ice maker operation to assure system is flushed of impurities.
- Stop ice production by raising ice maker arm until click is heard.
- Ice maker will remain in the off position until arm is pushed down.
- The first one or two batches will probably contain undersized and irregular cubes because of air in the supply line.
- When the ice cubes are ejected it is normal for several cubes to be joined together at the ends. They can easily be broken apart. The ice maker will continue to make ice until the supply of ice cubes raises the ice maker arm, shutting the ice maker off.
- Certain sounds may accompany the various cycles of the ice maker. The motor may have a slight hum, the cubes will rattle as they fall into an empty storage pan and the water valve may click or “buzz” occasionally.
- If the ice is not used frequently, the ice cubes will become cloudy, shrink, stick together and taste stale. Empty the ice storage bin periodically and wash it in lukewarm water. Be sure to dry the bin thoroughly before replacing it.
- Beverages and foods should not be placed in the ice storage bin for quick chilling. These items can block the ice maker arm, causing the ice maker to malfunction.
- Turn off (arm up) the ice maker when the water supply is to be shut off for an extended period of time.





# Water Filter

## Removal and Installation

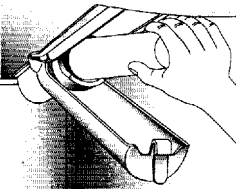
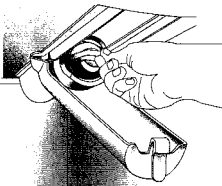
### Initial Installation

The water filter is located in the upper right hand corner of the fresh food compartment.

- Remove sealing label from end of filter and insert into filter head.
- Rotate gently clockwise until filter stops. Snap filter cover closed.

#### IMPORTANT:

- After connecting the refrigerator to a water source, flush the water system. Use a sturdy container to depress and hold the dispenser lever for five seconds, then release it for five seconds. Repeat until water begins to flow. Once water begins to flow, continue depressing and releasing the dispenser lever (five seconds on, five seconds off) for an additional five minutes until a total of 4 gal. (15L) has been dispensed. This will flush air from the filter and water dispensing system. Additional flushing may be required in some households. As air is cleared from the system, water may spurt out of the dispenser.



### Replacing Water Filter

**Important: Air trapped in system may cause water and cartridge to eject. Always dispense water for two minutes before removing the filter for any reason. Use caution when removing.**

- Turn filter counterclockwise until it releases from filter head.
- Drain water from filter into sink, and dispose of filter in normal household trash.
- Wipe up excess water in filter cover and continue with Initial Installation. The filter should be changed at least every 6 months.

**Important:** Condition of water and amount used determines life span of water filter cartridge. If water use is high, or if water is of poor quality, replacement may need to take place more often.

Replacement water filters are available through your local Viking Range Dealer. You may also order filters by calling 1-888-845-4641 or online at [vikingrange.com](http://vikingrange.com)

The dispenser feature may be used without a water filter cartridge. If you choose this option, replace filter with blue bypass cap.

## System Specification and Performance Data Sheet Refrigerator Water Filter Cartridge Model RWFFR

### Specifications

Service Flow Rate (Maximum) ..... 0.78 GPM  
.....(2.9 L/min)  
Rated Service Life RWFFR (750 gal. Max) .....750 gal. /2838 liters  
Maximum Operating Temperature .....100° F / 38° C  
Minimum Pressure Requirement.....35 psi /241 kPA  
Minimum Operating Temperature.....33° F/1° C  
Maximum Operating Pressure .....120 psi / 827 kPA

# Water Filter

| Standard No. 42: Aesthetic Effects |           |                                  |                  |                |             |            |         |                         |
|------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Parameter                          | USEPA MCL | Influent Challenge Concentration | Influent Average | Effluent       |             | %Reduction |         | Min. Required Reduction |
|                                    |           |                                  |                  | Average        | Maximum     | Average    | Minimum |                         |
| Chlorine                           | —         | 2.0 mg/L $\pm$ 10%               | 1.88 mg/L        | <0.051363 mg/L | 0.06 mg/L   | >97.26%    | 96.84%  | 50%                     |
| T & O                              | —         | —                                | —                | —              | —           | —          | —       | —                       |
| Particulate**                      | —         | at least 10,000 particles/ml     | 5,700,000 #/ml   | 30,583 #/ml    | 69,000 #/ml | 99.52%     | 98.94%  | 85%                     |

| Standard No. 53: Health Effects |                 |  |                  |              |              |            |         |                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Parameter                       | USEPA MCL       | Influent Challenge Concentration   | Influent Average | Effluent     |              | %Reduction |         | Min. Required Reduction |
|                                 |                 |  |                  | Average      | Maximum      | Average    | Minimum |                         |
| Turbidity                       | 1NTU**          | 11 $\pm$ 1 NTU***  | 10.7 NTU         | .031 NTU     | 0.49 NTU     | 97.09%     | 95.20%  | 0.5NTU                  |
| Cysts                           | 99.5% Reduction | Minimum 50,000/L   | 166,500 #/L      | <1 #/L       | <1 #/L       | >99.99%    | >99.99% | >99.95%                 |
| Asbestos                        | 99% Reduction   | 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>8</sup> fibers/L; fibers >10 micrometers in length | 155 MF/L         | <1 MF/L      | <1 MF/L      | >99.99%    | >99.99% | 99%                     |
| Lead at pH 6.5                  | 0.015 mg/L      | 0.15 mg/L $\pm$ 10%  | 0.153 mg/L       | <0.001 mg/L  | <0.001 mg/L  | >99.35%    | >99.29% | 0.10 mg/L               |
| Lead at pH 8.5                  | 0.015 mg/L      | 0.15 mg/L $\pm$ 10%  | 0.150 mg/L       | <0.001 mg/L  | <0.001 mg/L  | >99.33%    | >99.29% | 0.10 mg/L               |
| Mercury at pH 6.5               | 0.002 mg/L      | .006 mg/L $\pm$ 10%  | 0.006 mg/L       | 0.0003 mg/L  | 0.0005 mg/L  | 95.70%     | 90.91%  | 0.002 mg/L              |
| Mercury at pH 8.5               | 0.002 mg/L      | .006 mg/L $\pm$ 10%  | 0.006 mg/L       | 0.0008 mg/L  | 0.0015 mg/L  | 86.22%     | 75.93%  | 0.002 mg/L              |
| Atrazine                        | 0.003 mg/L      | 0.009 mg/L $\pm$ 10%   | 0.009 mg/L       | <0.002 mg/L  | 0.002 mg/L   | 76.99%     | 75.31%  | 0.003 mg/L              |
| Benzene                         | 0.005 mg/L      | 0.015 mg/L $\pm$ 10%   | 0.014 mg/L       | 0.0006 mg/L  | 0.0011 mg/L  | 95.71%     | 92.14%  | 0.005 mg/L              |
| Carbofuran                      | 0.04 mg/L       | 0.08 mg/L $\pm$ 10%  | 0.081 mg/L       | <0.001 mg/L  | <0.001 mg/L  | 98.74%     | 98.46%  | 0.04 mg/L               |
| p-Dichlorobenzene               | 0.075 mg/L      | 0.225 mg/L $\pm$ 10%   | 0.208 mg/L       | <0.0005 mg/L | <0.0005 mg/L | 99.76%     | 99.74%  | 0.075 mg/L              |
| Lindane                         | 0.0002 mg/L     | 0.002 mg/L $\pm$ 10%   | 0.002 mg/L       | 0.000 mg/L   | <0.0001 mg/L | 98.72%     | 96.50%  | 0.0002 mg/L             |
| Toxaphene                       | 0.003 mg/L      | 0.015 mg/L $\pm$ 10%   | 0.015 mg/L       | <0.001 mg/L  | <0.001 mg/L  | 92.97%     | 91.67%  | 0.003 mg/L              |

\*Tested using a flow rate of 0.78 gpm; pressure of 60psig; pH of 7.5  $\pm$  0.5; temp of 68° + 5°F (20° + 3°C).

\*\*Measurement in Particles/ml. Particles used were 0.5 - 1 microns

\*\*\*NTU - Nephelometric Turbidity Units

Water Filter



| Tested and certified by NSF International against ANSI/NSF Standards 42 & 53 in models RWFFR for the reduction of: |                                    |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Standard No. 42<br>Aesthetic Effects:  | Standard No. 53<br>Health Effects: |
| Taste and Odor Reduction   | Chemical Reduction Unit            |
| Chlorine Taste & Odor  | Lead, Atrazine, Lindane,           |
| Mechanical Filtration Unit   | Benzene, Carbofuran,               |
| Particulate Reduction Class I  | p-Dichlorobenzene, Mercury, &      |
|  | Toxaphene Reduction                |
|  | Mechanical Filtration Unit         |
|  | Cyst, Turbidity & Asbestos Re-     |
|  | duction                            |

General Use Conditions

Read this Performance Data Sheet and compare the capabilities of this unit with your actual water treatment needs. **DO NOT** use this product where water is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the system. System certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected water that may contain filterable cysts. **USE ONLY WITH COLD WATER SUPPLY. CHECK FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE STATE AND LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.**

The retractable water filtration system uses a RWFFR replacement cartridge. Timely replacement of filter cartridge is essential for performance satisfaction from this filtration system. Please refer to the applicable section of your Use & Care Guide for general operation, maintenance requirements and troubleshooting.

This system has been tested according to ANSI/NSF 42 and 53 for reduction of the substance listed above. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system, as specified in ANSI/NSF 42 and 53.

Water Filter

State of California  
Department of Health Services  
Water Treatment Device  
Certificate Number  
06 - 1790

Date Issued: June 1, 2006

| Trademark /Model Designation | Replacement Elements |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| RWFFR-750                    | RWFFR                |

Manufacturer: CUNO, Incorporated, a 3M Company

The water treatment device(s) listed on this certificate have met the testing requirements pursuant to Section 116830 of the Health and Safety Code for the following health related contaminants:

| <u>Microbiological Contaminants and Turbidity</u> | <u>Inorganic/Radiological Contaminants</u> |
|---|--|
| Cysts   | Asbestos                                   |
| Turbidity   | Lead                                       |
|   | Mercury                                    |
| <u>Organic Contaminants</u>                       |  |
| Atrazine  |  |
| Lindane   |  |
| Benzene   |  |
| Carbofuran  |  |
| p-dichlorobenzene                                 |  |
| Toxaphene   |  |
| <b>Rated Service Capacity:</b> 750 gallons        |  |
| <b>Rated Service Flow:</b> 0.78 gpm               |  |

**Conditions of Certification:**  
Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the system. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.

# Food Storage Tips

## Fresh Food Storage

- The refrigerator should be kept between 34°-40° F (3.1°-4° C) with an optimum temperature of 38° F (3.3° C). To check the temperature, place an appliance thermometer in a glass of water and place in the center of the refrigerator. Check after 24 hours. If the temperature is above 40° F (4° C) adjust the control as explained on page 5.
- Avoid overcrowding the refrigerator shelves. This reduces the circulation of air around the food and results in uneven cooling.

## Fruits and Vegetables

- Storage in the produce drawers traps humidity to help preserve the fruit and vegetable quality for longer time periods (see page 11).
- Sort fruits and vegetables before storage and use bruised or soft items first. Discard those showing signs of decay.
- Always wrap odorous foods such as onions and cabbage so the odor does not transfer to other foods.
- While vegetables need a certain amount of humidity to remain fresh, too much humidity can shorten storage times (especially leafy vegetables). Drain vegetables well before storing.
- Wait to wash fresh produce until right before use.

## Meat and Cheese

- Raw meat and poultry should be wrapped securely so leakage and contamination of other foods or surfaces does not occur.
- Occasionally mold will develop on the surface of hard cheeses (Swiss, Cheddar, Parmesan). Cut off at least an inch around and below the moldy area. Keep your knife or instrument out of the mold itself. Do not try to save individual cheese slices, soft cheese, cottage cheese, cream, sour cream or yogurt when mold appears.

## Dairy Food

- Most dairy foods such as milk, yogurt, sour cream and cottage cheese have freshness dates on their cartons for appropriate length of storage. Store these foods in the original carton and refrigerate immediately after purchasing and after each use.

# Food Storage Tips

## Frozen Food Storage

- The freezer compartment of a refrigerator should be kept at approximately 0° F (-18° C). To check the temperature, place an appliance thermometer between the frozen packages and check after 24 hours. If the temperature is above 0° F (-18° C), adjust the control as described on page 5.
- A freezer operates more efficiently when it is at least two-thirds full.

## Packaging Foods for Freezing

- To minimize dehydration and quality deterioration use aluminum foil, freezer wrap, freezer bags or airtight containers. Force as much air out of the packages as possible and be sure they are tightly sealed. Trapped air can cause the food to dry out, change color and develop an off-flavor (freezer burn).
- Wrap fresh meats and poultry with suitable freezer wrap prior to freezing.
- Do not refreeze meat that has completely thawed.

## Loading the Freezer

- Avoid adding too much warm food to the freezer at one time. This overloads the freezer, slows the rate of freezing and can raise the temperature of frozen foods.
- Leave space between the packages so cold air can circulate freely, allowing food to freeze as quickly as possible.
- Avoid storing hard-to-freeze foods such as ice cream and orange juice on the freezer door shelves. These foods are best stored in the freezer interior where the temperature varies less with door openings.

Refer to the Food Storage Chart on pages 22 and 23 for approximate storage times.

# Food Storage Tips

## Food Storage Chart

Storage times are approximate and may vary depending on type of packaging, storage temperature, and the quality of the food when purchased.

| Foods  | Refrigerator  | Freezer                              | Storage Tips  |
|--|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>DAIRY PRODUCTS</b>                        |               |                                      |   |
| Butter                                       | 1 month       | 6 to 9 months                        | Wrap tightly or cover. Check carton date. Close tightly. Don't return unused portions to original container. Don't freeze cream unless whipped. Wrap tightly. |
| Milk and cream                               | 1 week        | Not recommended.                     |   |
| Cream cheese, cheese spread, and cheese food | 1 to 2 weeks  | Not recommended.                     |   |
| Cottage cheese                               | 3 to 5 days   | Not recommended.                     | Store in original carton. Check carton date.  |
| Sour cream                                   | 10 days       | Not recommended.                     | Store in original carton. Check carton date.  |
| Hard cheese (Swiss, Cheddar and Parmesan)    | 1 to 2 months | 4 to 6 months<br>May become crumbly. | Wrap tightly. Cut off any mold.   |
| <b>EGGS</b>                                  |               |                                      |   |
| Eggs in the shell                            | 3 weeks       | Not recommended.                     | Refrigerate small ends down. For each cup of yolks to be frozen, add 1 tsp. sugar for use in sweet or 1 tsp. salt for non-sweet dishes.                       |
| Leftover yolks or whites                     | 2 to 4 days   | 9 to 12 months                       |   |
| <b>FRUITS</b>                                |               |                                      |   |
| Apples                                       | 1 month       | 8 months (cooked)                    | May also store unripe or hard apples at 60° to 70°F (16° to 21°C).  |
| Bananas                                      | 2 to 4 days   | 6 months (whole/peeled)              | Ripen at room temperature before refrigerating. Bananas darken when refrigerated.   |
| Pears, plums, avocados                       | 3 to 4 days   | Not recommended.                     | Ripen at room temperature before refrigerating. Avocados darken when refrigerated.  |
| Berries, cherries, apricots                  | 2 to 3 days   | 6 months                             | Ripen at room temperature before refrigerating.   |
| Grapes                                       | 3 to 5 days   | 1 month (whole)                      | Ripen at room temperature before refrigerating.   |
| Citrus fruits                                | 1 to 2 weeks  | Not recommended.                     | May also store at 60° to 70°F (16° to 21°C). If refrigerated, store uncovered.  |
| Pineapples, cut                              | 2 to 3 days   | 6 to 12 months                       | Will not ripen after purchase. Use quickly.   |

# Food Storage Tips

| Foods   | Refrigerator | Freezer          | Storage Tips  |
|---|--------------|------------------|---|
| <b>VEGETABLES</b>   |              |                  |   |
| Asparagus   | 1 to 2 days  | 8 to 10 months   | Do not wash before refrigerating. Store in crisper. Wrap odorous foods. Leave peas in pods.   |
| Brussel sprouts, broccoli, cauliflower, green peas, lima beans, onions, peppers | 3 to 5 days  | 8 to 10 months   |   |
| Cabbage, celery   | 1 to 2 weeks | Not recommended. | Wrap odorous foods and refrigerate in crisper. Remove tops. Wrap odorous foods and refrigerate in crisper.                                      |
| Carrots, parsnips, beets and turnips  | 7 to 10 days | 8 to 10 months   |   |
| Lettuce   | 7 to 10 days | Not recommended. |   |
| <b>POULTRY and FISH</b>   |              |                  |   |
| Chicken and Turkey, whole   | 1 to 2 days  | 12 months        | Keep in original packaging for refrigeration. Place in the meat and cheese drawer. When freezing longer than two weeks, wrap with freezer wrap. |
| Chicken and Turkey, pieces  | 1 to 2 days  | 9 months         |   |
| Fish  | 1 to 2 days  | 2 to 6 months    |   |
| <b>MEATS</b>  |              |                  |   |
| Bacon   | 7 days       | 1 month          | Fresh meats can be kept in original packaging for refrigeration.  |
| Beef or Lamb, ground  | 1 to 2 days  | 3 to 4 months    |   |
| Beef or lamb, roast and steak   | 3 to 5 days  | 6 to 9 months    | Place in the meat and cheese drawer. When freezing longer than two weeks, wrap with freezer wrap.   |
| Ham, (fully cooked) whole   | 7 days       | 1 to 2 months    |   |
| half  | 5 days       | 1 to 2 months    |   |
| slices  | 3 days       | 1 to 2 months    |   |
| Luncheon meat   | 3 to 5 days  | 1 to 2 months    | Unopened, vacuum-packed luncheon meat may be kept up to two weeks in the meat and cheese drawer.  |
| Pork, roast   | 3 to 5 days  | 4 to 6 months    |   |
| Pork, chops   | 3 to 5 days  | 4 months         | Processed meats should be tightly wrapped and stored in the meat and cheese drawer.   |
| Sausage, ground   | 1 to 2 days  | 1 to 2 months    |   |
| Sausage, smoked   | 7 days       | 1 to 2 months    |   |
| Veal  | 3 to 5 days  | 4 to 6 months    |   |
| Frankfurters  | 7 days       | 1 month          |   |

Sources: United States of Agriculture; Food Marketing Institute; Cooperative Extension Service, Iowa State University



Care & Cleaning

⚠️ WARNING



Explosion Hazard

Use nonflammable cleaner.

Failure to do so can result in death, explosion, or fire.

| PART  | DO NOT USE  | DO  |
|---|---|---|
| Cabinet Interior  | Abrasive or harsh cleaners<br>Ammonia<br>Chlorine Bleach<br>Concentrated detergents<br>Metal or plastic-textured scouring pads  | Use 4 tablespoons of baking soda dissolved in 1 quart (1 liter) warm, soapy water. Rinse surfaces with clean, warm water and dry immediately to avoid water spots.  |
| Stainless Steel Parts<br><i>*NOTE: Damage to stainless steel finish due to improper use of cleaning products is not covered under the product warranty.</i> | Abrasive or harsh cleaners<br>Ammonia<br>Chlorine Bleach<br>Concentrated detergents<br>Metal or plastic-textured scouring pads<br>Vinegar-based cleaners<br>Citrus-based cleaners | Use warm soapy water and a soft, clean cloth or sponge. Rinse with clean, warm water and dry immediately to avoid water spots.  |
| Door Gaskets  | Metal or plastic-textured scouring pads   | Use warm soapy water and a soft, clean cloth or sponge. Apply a light film of petroleum jelly to keep pliable.  |
| Condenser Coil<br><i>Remove base grille to access</i>   | Anything other than a vacuum cleaner  | Use a vacuum cleaner hose nozzle  |
| Condenser Fan Outlet<br><i>See back of refrigerator</i>   |   | Use vacuum cleaner hose nozzle with brush attachment  |
| Accessories<br><i>Shelves, bins, drawers, etc.</i>  | A dishwasher  | Follow removal and installation instructions from appropriate section. Allow items to adjust to room temperature. Dilute mild detergent and use a soft, clean cloth or sponge for cleaning. Use a plastic bristle brush to get into crevices. Rinse with clean, warm water. Dry glass and clear items immediately to avoid spots. |

Care & Cleaning

Removing Odors From Refrigerator

- Remove all food and turn the refrigerator OFF.
- Disconnect power to the refrigerator.
- Clean the walls, floor, ceiling of cabinet interior, drawers, shelves and gaskets according to the instructions (see page 24).
- Dilute mild detergent and brush solution into crevices using a plastic bristle brush. Let stand for five minutes. Rinse surfaces with warm water. Dry surfaces with a soft, clean cloth.
- Wash and dry all bottles, containers and jars. Discard spoiled or expired items.
- Wrap or store odor-causing foods in tightly sealed containers to prevent recurring odors.
- Reconnect power to refrigerator and return food to refrigerator.
- Allow the refrigerator to cool.
- After 24 hours, check if odor has been eliminated.

If odor is still present:

- Remove drawers and place on top shelf of refrigerator.
- Pack refrigerator and freezer sections – including doors – with crumpled sheets of black and white newspaper.
- Place charcoal briquettes randomly on crumpled newspaper in both freezer and refrigerator compartments.
- Close doors and let stand 24 to 48 hours.

Energy Saving Tips

- Avoid overcrowding refrigerator shelves. This reduces air circulation around food and causes refrigerator to run longer.
- Avoid adding too much warm food to refrigerator at one time. This overloads compartments and slows rate of cooling.
- Do not use aluminum foil, wax paper, or paper toweling as shelf liners. This decreases air flow and causes refrigerator to run less efficiently.
- A freezer that is two-thirds full runs most efficiently.
- Locate refrigerator in coolest part of room. Avoid areas of direct sunlight, or near heating ducts, registers or other heat producing appliances. If this is not possible, isolate exterior by using a section of cabinet or an added layer of insulation.
- Clean door gaskets every three months according to cleaning instructions. This will assure that door seals properly and refrigerator runs efficiently.
- Take time to organize items in refrigerator to reduce time that door is open.

# Care & Cleaning

## Energy Saving Tips (con't)

- Be sure your doors are closing securely by leveling refrigerator as instructed in your installation instructions.
- Clean condenser coils as indicated in the cleaning instructions every three months. This will increase energy efficiency and cooling performance.

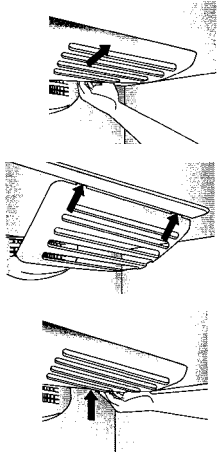
## Replacing Light Bulbs

### Refrigerator Compartment

- Slide clear light shield toward back of compartment to release from light assembly.
- Remove light bulbs.
- Replace with appliance bulbs *no greater than 40 watts*.
- Replace light bulb cover by inserting tabs on light shield into liner holes on each side of light assembly. Slide shield toward front of refrigerator until it locks into place. Do not force shield beyond locking point. Doing so may damage light shield.

### Freezer Compartment

- Reach behind the light cover.
- With firm pressure, press forward on the notches at the back of the cover and pull down. The cover will open from the back.
- Remove the cover.
- Remove light bulb.
- Replace bulb with appliance bulb no greater than 40 watts.
- Insert front tabs of light cover into slots in freezer liner and snap rear portion over light assembly until rear tab engages.



# Care & Cleaning

## Preparing for Vacation

### For short vacations or absences (three months or less):

- Remove all perishables.
- If no one will be checking in on the refrigerator during your absence, remove all frozen items also.
- If your refrigerator has an automatic ice maker:
  - Shut off the water supply to the ice maker at least one day ahead of time.
  - After the last load of ice drops, raise the wire shut off arm to the OFF position.
  - Empty the ice bin.
- If the room temperature will drop below 55° F (13° C), follow the instructions for longer absences.

### For long vacations, absences (more than three months) OR if the room temperature will drop below 55° F (13° C):

- Remove food.
- If your refrigerator has an automatic ice maker:
  - Shut off the water supply to the ice maker at least one day ahead of time.
  - After the last load of ice drops, raise the wire shut off arm to the OFF position.
  - Empty the ice bin.
- If your refrigerator has a dispenser system with water filter, remove the water filter cartridge and install the filter bypass. Dispose of the used cartridge.
- Turn the freezer control to (OFF).
- Unplug the refrigerator.
- Thoroughly clean the interior of both compartments with a baking soda solution and a clean soft cloth (four tablespoons of baking soda in one quart of warm water.).
- Dry thoroughly.
- Leave the doors open to prevent the formation of mold and mildew.

# Care & Cleaning

## Upon Your Return

### After a Short Vacation or Absence:

For models with automatic ice makers or dispensers:

- Reconnect the water supply and turn on supply valve (see Installation Instructions).
- Monitor water connection for 24 hours and correct leaks if necessary.
- Run 10-15 glasses of water from the dispenser to flush out the system.
- Restart the ice maker by lowering the ice maker arm.
- Discard at least the first three ice harvests.

### After a Long Vacation or Absence:

- If your refrigerator has an automatic ice maker, reconnect the water supply and turn on supply valve (see Installation Instructions).
- Plug the refrigerator back in and reset controls (see page 5).
- Monitor water connection for 24 hours and correct leaks, if necessary.

For dispenser models, run water through the dispenser for at least three minutes with the filter bypass in place, then install water filter (see page 16).

- After installing the water filter, run water through the dispenser continuously for at least two minutes, or until water runs steady. Initially you may notice a one to two minute delay in water dispersal as the internal tanks fills.
- Restart the ice maker by lowering the ice maker arm.
- Discard ice produced within the first 12 hours (at least the first three harvests).

## Preparing to Move

- Follow the above instructions for long vacations/absences.
- Secure all loose items such as shelves and drawers by taping them securely in place to prevent damage.
- Tape the doors shut.
- Use an appliance dolly when moving the refrigerator. Always truck the refrigerator from its side or back, never from its front.
- Be sure the refrigerator stays in an upright position during moving.


# Operating Sounds

Improvements in refrigeration design may produce sounds in your new refrigerator that are different or were not present in an older model. These improvements were made to create a refrigerator that is better at preserving food, is more energy efficient, and is quieter overall. Because new refrigerators run quieter, sounds may be detected that were present in older refrigerators, but were masked by higher sound levels. Many of these sounds are normal. Please note that the surfaces adjacent to a refrigerator, such as hard walls, floors and cabinetry may make these sounds seem even louder. The following are some of the normal sounds that may be noticed in a new refrigerator.

| SOUND                     | POSSIBLE CAUSE  | SOLUTION   |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Clicking                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Freezer control clicks when starting or stopping compressor.</li></ul>            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |
| Air rushing or whirring   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Freezer fan and condenser fan make this noise while operating</li></ul>           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |
| Gurgling or boiling sound | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Evaporator and heat exchanger refrigerant make this noise when flowing.</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |
| Thumping                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ice cubes from ice maker drop into ice bucket</li></ul>                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |
| Vibrating noise           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compressor makes a pulsating sound while running.</li></ul>                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |
|                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Refrigerator is not level.</li></ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• See Installation Instructions for details on how to level your refrigerator.</li></ul> |
| Buzzing                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ice maker water valve hookup buzzes when ice maker fills with water.</li></ul>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |
| Humming                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ice maker is in the 'ON' position without water connection.</li></ul>             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Stop sound by raising ice maker arm to OFF position. See page 15.</li></ul>            |
| Hissing or popping        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compressor can make a high-pitched hum while operating.</li></ul>                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |
|                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Defrost heater hisses, sizzles or pops when operational.</li></ul>                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Normal operation</li></ul>   |

Troubleshooting

⚠️ WARNING



Electrical Shock Hazard

Plug into a grounded 3 prong outlet.

Do not remove ground prong.

Do not use adapter.


Do not use an extension cord.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, fire, or electrical shock.

| PROBLEM  | POSSIBLE CAUSE   | WHAT TO DO  |
|--|--|---|
| Freezer control and lights are on, but compressor is not operating | Refrigerator is in defrost mode.                                       | Normal operation. Wait 40 minutes to see if compressor restarts.  |
| MeatSavor™ drawer temperature is too warm                          | Control settings are too low.  | See page 5 to properly adjust controls.   |
| Refrigerator does not operate                                      | Refrigerator is not plugged in.  | Plug in refrigerator.   |
|  | Control is not on. Fuse is blown or circuit breaker needs to be reset. | Properly adjust controls. Replace blown fuses. Check circuit breaker and reset.   |
|  | Power outage has occurred.   | Call local power company to report outage.  |
| Refrigerator still won't operate                                   | Refrigerator is malfunctioning.  | Unplug refrigerator and transfer food to another refrigerator. If another refrigerator is not available, place dry ice in freezer section to preserve food. Warranty does not cover food loss. Contact service for assistance.                      |
| Food temperature is too cold                                       | Condenser coils are dirty.   | Clean coils. See page 24.   |
|  | Refrigerator or freezer controls are set too high.                     | Properly adjust controls.   |
| Food temperature is too warm                                       | Door is not closing properly.  | Check for internal obstructions that are keeping the door from closing properly. Refrigerator is not level. See Installation Instructions for details on how to level refrigerator. Check gaskets for proper seal, clean if necessary. See page 24. |
|  | Controls need to be adjusted.  | See page 5 to adjust controls.  |
|  | Condenser coils are dirty.   | Clean coils. See page 24.   |
|  | Rear air grille is blocked.  | Check the positioning of food items in refrigerator to make sure grille is not blocked. Rear air grilles are located under produce drawers.   |

Troubleshooting

⚠️ WARNING



Explosion Hazard

Keep flammable materials and vapors, such as gasoline, away from refrigerator.

Failure to do so can result in death, explosion, or fire.

| PROBLEM   | POSSIBLE CAUSE  | WHAT TO DO   |
|---|---|--|
| Food temperature is too warm  | Doors have been opened frequently or have been opened for long periods of time.         | Reduce time door is open. Organize food items efficiently to assure door is open for shortest time possible.                           |
| Refrigerator has an odor  | Compartment is dirty or has odor causing food.  | Clean according to page 25.  |
| Water droplets form outside of door                                 | Check gaskets for proper seal.  | Clean gaskets. See page 24.  |
|   | Humidity levels are high.   | Hot, humid weather can increase condensation.  |
|   | Controls require adjustment.  | See page 5 to adjust controls.   |
| Water droplets form on inside of refrigerator                       | Humidity levels are high or door has been opened frequently.                            | Properly adjust controls. Reduce time door is open. Organize food items efficiently to assure door is open for shortest time possible. |
| Refrigerator or ice maker makes unfamiliar sounds or seems too loud | Normal operation  | See page 29.   |
| Produce drawers do not close freely                                 | Contents of drawer or positioning of items in compartments could be obstructing drawer. | Reposition food and containers to avoid interference with the drawers.   |
|   | Drawer is not in proper position.   | See page 11 to for proper placement.   |
|   | Drawer channels are dirty or need treatment.  | Clean drawer channels with warm, soapy water. Rinse and dry thoroughly. Apply thin layer of petroleum jelly to drawer channels.        |
| Refrigerator runs too frequently                                    | Doors have been opened frequently or have been opened for long periods of time.         | Reduce time door is open. Organize food items efficiently to assure door is open for shortest time possible.                           |
|   | Humidity level is too high. Food has recently been added.                               | Normal operation. Allow time for added food to reach refrigerator or freezer temperature.  |
|   | Refrigerator is exposed to heat by environment or appliances nearby.                    | Evaluate refrigerator's environment. Refrigerator may need to be moved to run more efficiently.  |



# Troubleshooting

| PROBLEM                          | POSSIBLE CAUSE   | WHAT TO DO  |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Refrigerator runs too frequently | Condenser coils are dirty. Controls need to be adjusted. Door is not closing properly. | Clean coils. See page 24. See page 5 to adjust controls. Check for internal obstructions that are keep ing door from closing properly. Refrigerator is not level. See Installa- tion Instructions for details on how to level refrigerator. Check gaskets for proper seal, clean if necessary. See page 24. |

## ICE and WATER

| PROBLEM                              | POSSIBLE CAUSE                                | WHAT TO DO  |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Refrigerator is leaking water        | Plastic tubing was used for water connection. | The manufacturer recommends using copper tubing. Plastic is less durable and can cause leakage*.  |
|                                      | Improper water valve installed.               | Check water connection procedure in Installation Instructions. Self- piercing and 3/16" saddle valves cause low water pressure and may clog the line over time.*    |
| Ice forms in inlet tube to ice maker | Water pressure is low.                        | Water pressure must be between 35- 100 pounds per square inch. A minimum pressure of 35 pounds per square inch is recommended for refrigerators with water filters. |
|                                      | Freezer temperature is too high               | Adjust freezer controls. Freezer is recommended to be approximately 0°F (-18°C)   |

\*Manufacturer is not responsible for property damage due to improper installation or water connection.

# Troubleshooting

## ICE and WATER

| PROBLEM                          | POSSIBLE CAUSE                                  | WHAT TO DO  |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Water flow is slower than normal | Water pressure is low.                          | Water pressure must be between 35- 100 pounds per square inch. A minimum pressure of 35 pounds per square inch is recommended for refrigerators with water filters. |
|                                  | Improper water valve installed.                 | Check water connection procedure in Installation Instructions. Self- piercing and 3/16" saddle valves cause low water pressure and may clog the line over time.*    |
|                                  | Copper tubing has kinks.                        | Turn off water supply and remove kinks. If kinks cannot be removed, replace tubing.   |
|                                  | Water filter is clogged or needs to be changed. | Change water filter. See page 16.   |

\*Manufacturer is not responsible for property damage due to improper installation or water connection.

# Service Information

If service is required, call your dealer or authorized service agency. The name of the authorized service agency can be obtained from the dealer or distributor in your area.

Have the following information readily available.

- Model number
- Serial number
- Date purchased
- Name of dealer from whom purchased

Clearly describe the problem that you are having. If you are unable to obtain the name of an authorized service agency, or if you continue to have service problems, contact Viking Range Corporation at 1-888-VIKING1 (845-4641), or write to:

VIKING RANGE CORPORATION  
PREFERRED SERVICE  
1803 Hwy 82W  
Greenwood, Mississippi 38930 USA

Record the following information indicated below. You will need it if service is ever required. The serial number and model number for your refrigerator is located on the right wall of the refrigerator section.

Model No. \_\_\_\_\_

Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Purchase \_\_\_\_\_

Date Installed \_\_\_\_\_

Dealer's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

If service requires installation of parts, use only authorized parts to insure protection under the warranty.

Keep this manual for future reference.

# Warranty

## Freestanding Bottom Mount/French Door Bottom Mount Refrigerator/Freezer Warranty

### TWO YEAR FULL WARRANTY

Freestanding refrigerators/freezers and all of their components and accessories, except as detailed below\*, are warranted to be free from defects in material or workmanship under normal household use for a period of two (2) years from the date of original retail purchase. Viking Range Corporation, warrantor, agrees to repair or replace, at its option, any part which fails or is found to be defective during the warranty period.

\*Painted, decorative items and water filters are warranted to be free from defective materials or workmanship for a period of ninety (90) days from the date of original retail purchase. ANY DEFECTS MUST BE REPORTED TO THE SELLING DEALER WITHIN NINETY (90) DAYS FROM DATE OF ORIGINAL RETAIL PURCHASE.

### SIX YEAR FULL WARRANTY

Any sealed refrigeration system component, as listed below, is warranted to be free from defective materials or workmanship in normal household use during the third through the sixth year from the date of original retail purchase. Viking Range Corporation, warrantor, agrees to repair or replace, at its option, any part which fails or is found to be defective during the warranty period.

#### Sealed Refrigeration System Components:

Compressor, Evaporator, Condenser, Connecting Tubing, Drier/Strainer

### TWELVE YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

Any sealed refrigeration system component, as listed above, which fails due to defective materials or workmanship in normal household use during the seventh through the twelfth year from the date of original retail purchase will be repaired or replaced, free of charge for the part itself, with the owner paying all other costs, including labor.

**NINETY (90) DAY RESIDENTIAL PLUS WARRANTY** This warranty applies to applications where use of the product extends beyond normal residential use. Examples are, but not limited to, bed and breakfasts, fire stations, private clubs, churches, etc. This warranty excludes all commercial locations such as restaurants, food service locations and institutional food service locations.

This warranty extends to the original purchaser of the product warranted hereunder and to each transferee owner of the product during the term of the warranty.

This warranty shall apply to products purchased and located in the United States and Canada. Products must be purchased in the country where service is requested. Warranty labor shall be performed by an authorized Viking Range Corporation service agency or representative. Warranty shall not apply to damage resulting from abuse, accident, natural disaster, loss of electrical power to the product for any reason, alteration, improper installation, improper operation or repair or service to the product by anyone other than an authorized Viking Range Corporation service agency or representative. Warranty shall not apply to damage resulting from indoor units being used in outdoor situations. This warranty does not apply to commercial usage. This warranty does not cover any food or medicine loss due to product failure. Warrantor is not responsible for consequential or incidental damage whether arising out of breach of warranty, breach of contract, or otherwise. Some jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

Owner shall be responsible for proper installation, providing normal care and maintenance, providing proof of purchase upon request, and making the appliance reasonably accessible for service. If the product or one of its component parts contains a defect or malfunction during the warranty period, after a reasonable number of attempts by the warrantor to remedy the defects or malfunctions, the owner is entitled to either a refund or replacement of the product or its component part or parts. Replacement of a component part includes its free installation. Warrantor's liability on any claim of any kind, with respect to the goods or services covered hereunder, shall in no case exceed the price of the goods or service or part thereof which gives rise to the claim.

**WARRANTY SERVICE:** Under the terms of this warranty, service must be performed by a factory authorized Viking Range Corporation service agent or representative. Service will be provided during normal business hours, and labor performed at overtime or premium rates shall not be covered by this warranty. To obtain warranty service, contact the dealer from whom the product was purchased, an authorized Viking Range Corporation service agent, or Viking Range Corporation. Provide model and serial number and date of original purchase. For the name of your nearest authorized Viking Range Corporation service agency, call the dealer from whom the product was purchased or Viking Range Corporation. **IMPORTANT:** Retain proof of original purchase to establish warranty period.

The return of the Owner Registration Card is not a condition of warranty coverage. You, however, should return the Owner Registration Card so that Viking Range Corporation can contact you should any question of safety arise which could affect you.

Any implied warranties of merchantability and fitness applicable to the above described refrigerator are limited in duration to the period of coverage of the applicable express written limited warranties set forth above. Some jurisdictions do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific rights, and you may also have other rights which may vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

Specifications subject to change without notice.